Multiwavelength study of the most isolated galaxies of the Local Universe

AMIGA

Analysis of the interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies

L. Verdes-Montenegro on behalf of AMIGA team Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía (IAA - CSIC)

AMIGA

Analysis of the Interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies

Multiwavelength study of the most isolated galaxies of the Local Universe

AMIGA

Analysis of the interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies

J. Sabater L. Verdes-Montenegro on behalf of AMIGA team Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía (IAA - CSIC)

AMIGA

Analysis of the Interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies

Motivation

- Goal: Effects of Environment on interstellar medium, star formation and nuclear activity of Galaxies
 - some processes driven by interaction not well quantified/ understood
- E.g groups vs pairs:

HCGs: Evidence for morphology changes and HI depletion, excess SF not observed

 (e.g. VM et al '01, Iglesias-Páramo &Vílchez '99)

 Pairs: SF excess but no HI deficit

 (Xu & Sulentic '91, Zasov & Sulentic '94)

 E.g. AGN activity frequence

 (e.g De Robertis et al '98, Krongold et al '03)

Motivation

Either no real isolation definition: FIELD galaxies (e.g. Kennicut & Kent '83) "NORMAL" galaxias (e.g. Boselli et al '01) Galaxies with no v-data not considered companions (Kelm & Focardi '04: isolated w.r.t. companions brighter than 15.5mag) Or if well defined: Monochromatic observations of large samples/ multiwavelength observations of small samples 10 - 100/200 members (Huchra & Thuan '77, Vettolani et al '86,, Márquez & Moles '99, '00, Colbert et al '01, Pisano et al '02, Varela et al '04)

Members

Starts in 2003 @IAA (PI: L. Verdes-M)

Core team in Granada:

Staff: Jack Sulentic (IAA), Ute Lisenfeld (Univ. Granada)
Postdocs: Daniel Espada(IAA), Jose Sabater (IAA), Simon Verley (Univ. Granada), Gilles Bergond (CAHA), Chandreyee Sengupta (CAHA)
PhDs:Vicent Martínez, Carmen Argudo
Software development (radio-VO, archives, exploitation tools for 3D data): Pique Ruiz del Mazo, Susana Sánchez

Since 2006 Coordinated project IAA-group + IRAM-30m @ Granada

+ International collaboration: ESO (Chile), Obs. Marseille, Obs. Paris, CfA, ASIAA-Taiwan, MPIfA (Bonn), UMASS, Mc Donald Obs., Arcetri, UNAM, IAC, Kapteyn Institute, ATNF

International conference

ASTRONOMY The Tales Told by Lonely Galaxies

To what extent is a galaxy shaped by its surroundings? To find out, astronomers are seeking the rare ones that appear to be isolated Unblemished beauty. Isolated galaxies like NGC 7217 may have evolved undisturbed for billions of years.

in Ukraine, working with her husband, Igor Karachentsev of the Special Astrophysical Observatory in Nizhnij Arkhyz, Russia. "We divided our work," she says. "Igor worked with the pairs, and I work on the isolated galaxies."

Karachentseva analyzed photos taken in the 1950s with a 1.2-meter telescope in the famed Palomar Observatory Sky Survey. She declared a galaxy isolated if no neighboring galaxy lay closer than 20 times the neighbor's radius or was more than four times as big in diameter as the galaxy in question. Those rules selected galaxies that had not suffered an interaction in roughly 3 billion years. The Karachentseva catalog of 1051 galaxies is "still the best game in town," say Sulentic, who works on the Analysis of the Interstellar Medium of Isolated Galaxies (AMIGA)

GRANADA, SPAIN—Laden wir stars, countless planets, and v gas, our Milky Way galaxy through the void. Its spiral a 50,000 light-years and revolv 220 million years, as we plung kilometers per hour toward the

NEWSFOCUS

Galaxies in Isolation: Exploring Nature vs. Nurture May 12th-15th, 2009 · Granada (Spain)

Starting sample

AMIGA is a refinement of CIG:

Catalogue of Isolated Galaxies (Karachensetva 1973) Selected from CGCG (Zwicky) with mpg < 15.7 δ > -3 1050 galaxies with no similar sized galaxies (factor 4) within 40*R(companion) -> last interaction several Gyrs ago

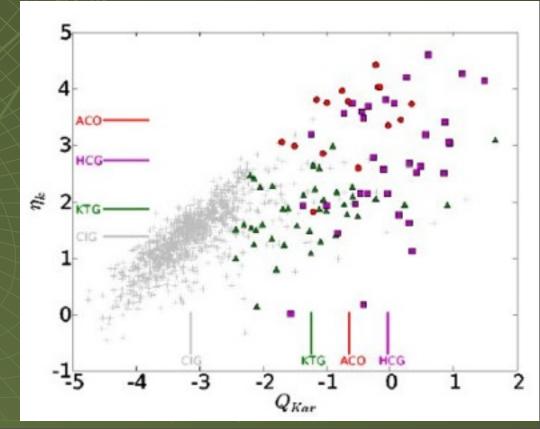
- Positions
- Redshifts/distances
- Morphologies
- Isolation



Isolation

Karachentseva (1986): visual examination of plates
 Our revision: POSS-I & II, R >=0.5 Mpc, m_B<17.5

- Catalog of all potential companions: 54.000
- Quantification: CIG, 41 triplets, 34 groups, 15 clusters :
- Local number density η_κ
 <u>Tidal force estimation Q</u>



Characterization of neighborhood using SDSS-DR7

Main goals:

PhD thesis (M. Argudo)

Using the final release of the SDSS to perform a 3D revision of the environment taking into account small size satellites

Re-evaluation of tidal force exerted on each CIG by its satellites, previously calculated using 2D data, and hence the minimum level of interaction to produce nurture effects

Preliminary results in a selection of 24 CIG galaxies:

608 galaxies in the catalog of neighbours galaxies (Verley et al. 2007) 69 were classified as stars (11.35%). Our direct inspection: 57 correct, 12 found to be galaxies

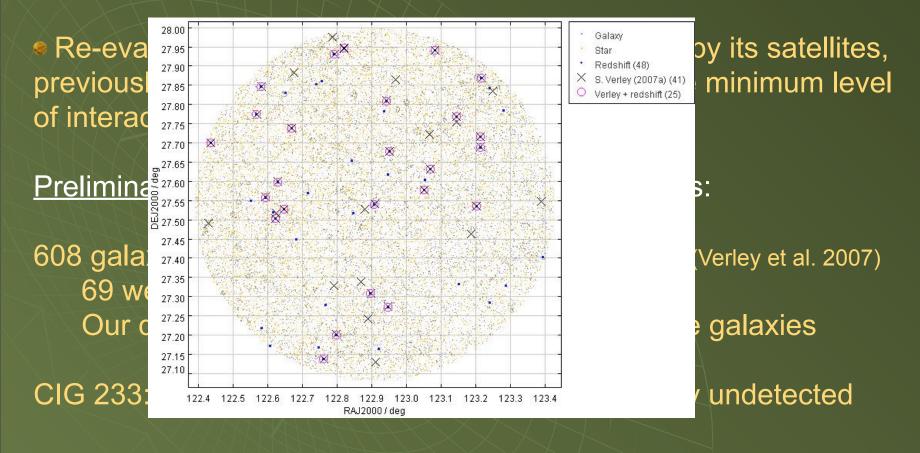
CIG 233: 2 candidates to be neighbours previously undetected

Characterization of neighborhood using SDSS-DR7

Main goals:

PhD thesis (M. Argudo)

• Using the final release of the SDSS to perform a 3D revision of the environment taking into account small size satellites

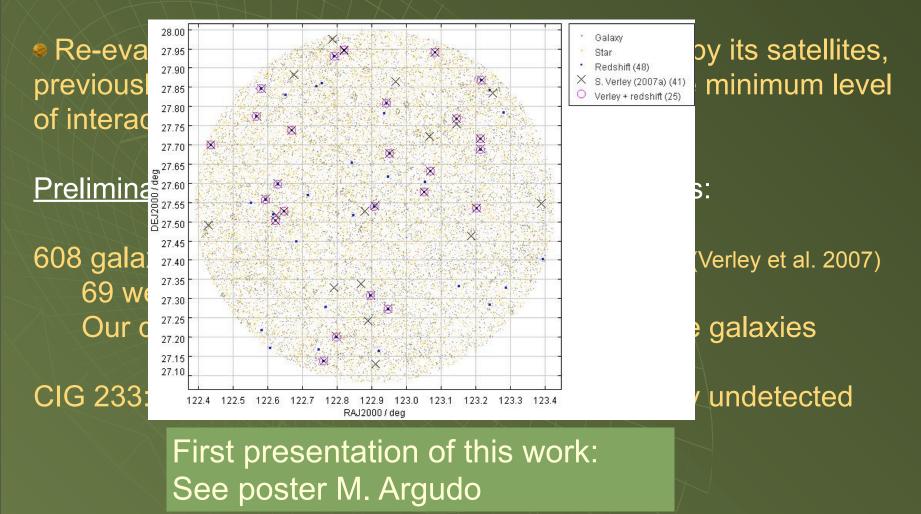


Characterization of neighborhood using SDSS-DR7

Main goals:

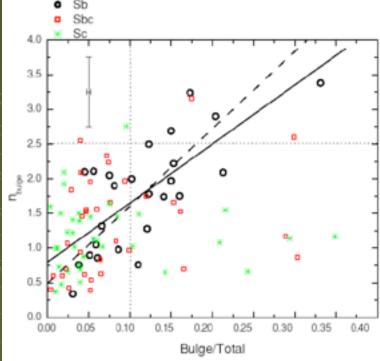
PhD thesis (M. Argudo)

• Using the final release of the SDSS to perform a 3D revision of the environment taking into account small size satellites



Sb-Sc dominant population • LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types (Sulentic et al 2006) Sersic index of late types Sbc => pseudobulges 3.5 3.0 Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration

(Durbala et al 2008, 2009)



100 Sb-Sc Fourier decomposition and CAS parameter SDSS-i

Sb-Sc dominant population

- LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of:
 - LB of both late and early types
 - Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges)
 - Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration
 - □ LFIR
 - log(L_{FIR}) : only 2% >10.5 L_{sol}

 Comparison with 2445 galaxies of CfA sample: <log(LFIR)CfA> = <log(LFIR)AMIGA> + 0.26

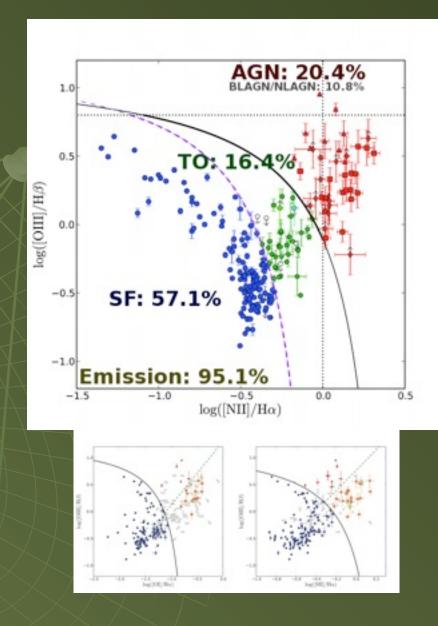
Sb-Sc dominant population LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges) Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration **D**LFIR Radiocontinuum (<u>disk dominated</u>)

Sb-Sc dominant population LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges) Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration Radiocontinuum (<u>disk dominated</u>) Nuclear activity

Multiwavelength study of nuclear activity

Four methods:

- 1 Search in the literature
 - NED and Véron & Véron-Cetty catalogue.
- 2 Radio excess in the radio FIR correlation
 - 0.4% radio-excess galaxies
 - VLA high resolution study => all background sources
 - <u>0% radio-excess galaxies</u>
- 3 FIR colours
 - 7% 28% of obscured AGN candidates
- 4 Diagnostic based on optical spectra
 - 353 SDSS DR6 spectra
 - Subtraction of stellar populations
 - Classification taken into account upper limits in the lines (5% more galaxies class.)
- 20% optical AGN Final catalogue of AGN in isolated galaxies.



Multiwavelength study of nuclear activity

Comparison with denser environments

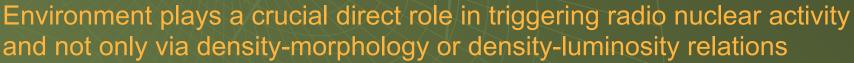
AMIGA: Lowest rate of radio excess galaxies

 Increase with the level of interaction (group, distance to the centre of cluster, interacting pairs and mergers)

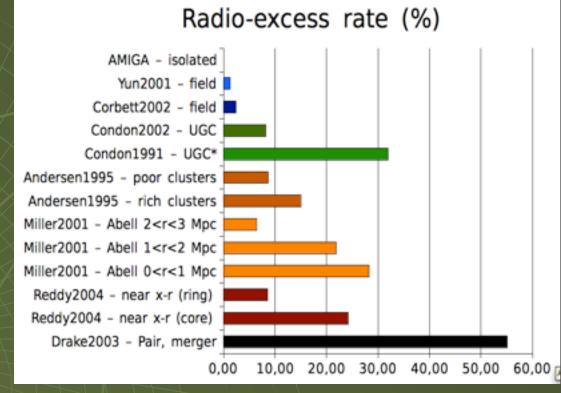
 Observed independently for each different morphology and luminosity range

Poster: "Efectos del entorno en la actividad nuclear"

Conclusion



(Sabater et al. 2008; Sabater PhD thesis; Sabater et al. 2010 submited to A&A)



Sb-Sc dominant population LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges) Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration Radiocontinuum (disk dominated) Nuclear activity HI asymmetry

HI asymmetry amplitude and rate

 High percentage rate >50%! of lopsided HI profiles in "field/ isolated" galaxies (e.g. Richter & Sancisi 1994, Haynes et al. 1998)

Most of previous studies do not use a strict isolation criterion

Characterizing the asymmetry distribution in CIG (Espada et al. 2010)

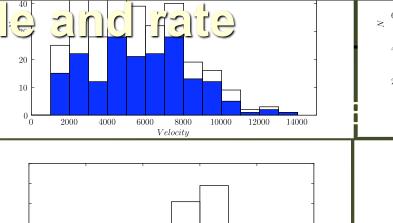
CIG 30% > 1.13 Other samples in bibliography 50%

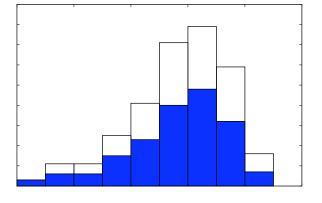
HI asymmetry amplitude

High percentage rate >50%! of lopsid isolated" galaxies (e.g. Richter & Sanc

Most of previous studies do not use

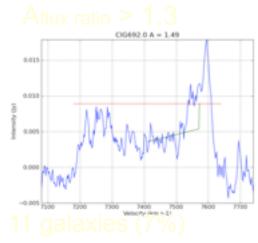
Characterizing the asymmetry distrib 2010) CIG 30% > 1.13 Other samples in bibliography 507



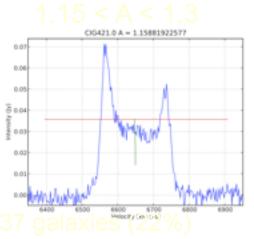


ntensity

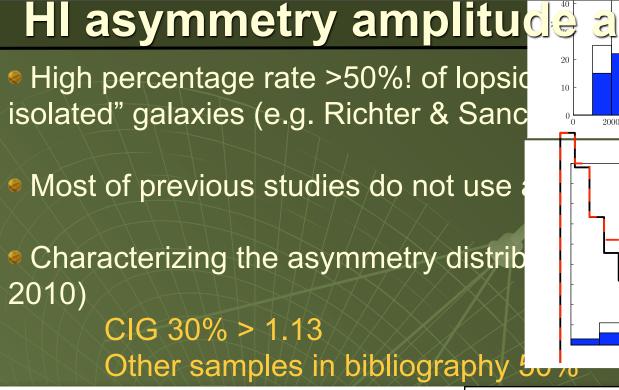
Strongly asymmetric

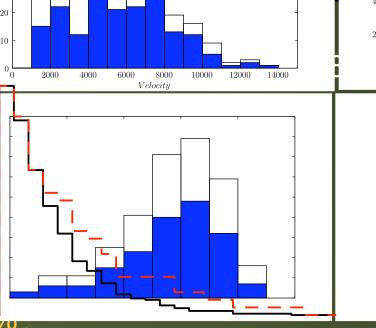


Slightly asymmetric

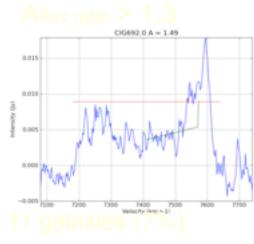


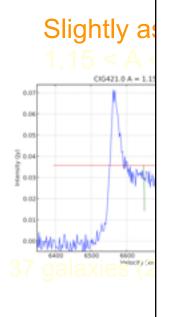
Symmetric G266.0 A = 1.056754299950.01 0.025 0.020 € 0.01 ŝ £ 0.015 0.010 0.00 115 galaxies (71%)

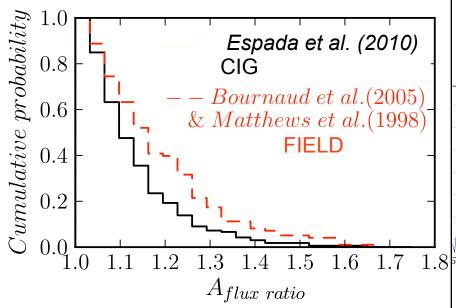




Strongly asymmetric







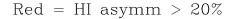
Sb-Sc dominant population LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges) Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration Radiocontinuum (disk dominated) Nuclear activity □ HI asymmetry Molecular gas content

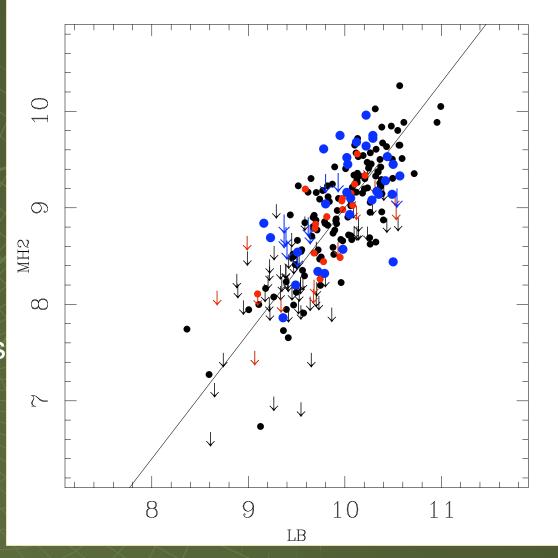
Molecular gas content

CO single dish 205 (276) AMIGAs 1500 < v < 5000 km/s Major axis maps for ~ 20 IRAM 30M, FCRAO, Nobeyama 470h

HI ASYMMETRIES >20%

Hickson Compact Groups CO @ 30m 83gal@20HCGs (PhD V. Martínez)

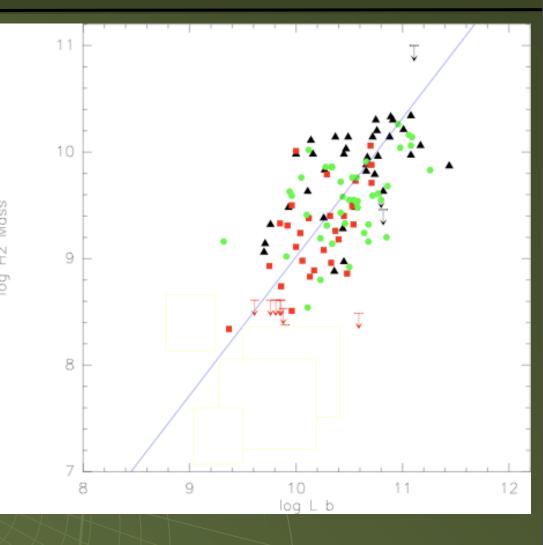




Molecular gas content

CO single dish 205 (276) AMIGAs 1500 < v < 5000 km/s Major axis maps for ~ 20 IRAM 30M, FCRAO, Nobeyama 470h

No enhancement in
Weakly interacting pairs (Solomon & Sage 1988)
Virgo galaxies (K&Y 88, Bosselli et al 1995) Slight enhancement in
Strongly interacting pairs (Sanders et al 1991)



Sb-Sc dominant population LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of: LB of both late and early types Sersic index of late types (= pseudobulges) Optical asymmetry, clumpiness, concentration Radiocontinuum (disk dominated) Nuclear activity □ HI asymmetry Molecular gas content

Sb-Sc dominant population

LOWEST VALUES relative to any other samples of:

LB of both late and early types

AMIGA:

Lowest possible values Nurture-free zero point

HI asymmetry
 Molecular gas content